



InterOP

Interference Analysis of LoRaWAN Systems





Harald Eigner BSc

harald.eigner@tuwien.ac.at

Assoc. Prof. DI Dr. Holger Arthaber

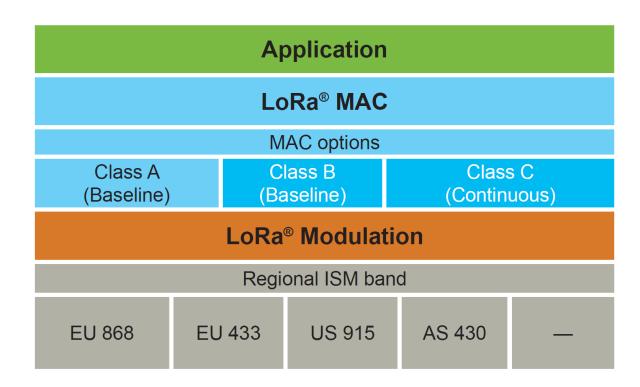
holger.arthaber@tuwien.ac.at 14. 6. 2019

LoRa/LoRaWAN



- LoRa modulation
 - Physical layer
 - Based on chirp spread spectrum (CSS)

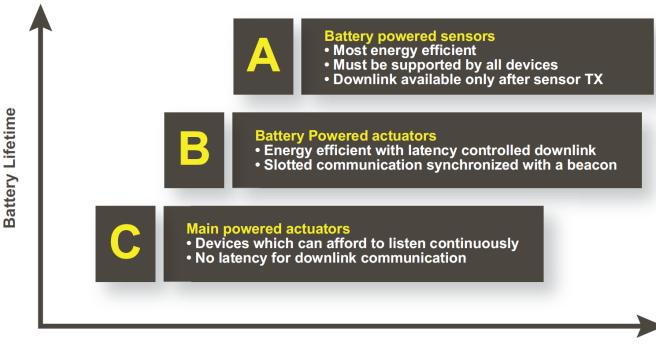
- LoRaWAN (Long Range Wide Area Network)
 - Defines communication protocol and network architecture



Specifications in Europe



- Frequency band 867–869 MHz
- 10 channels with BW 125/250 kHz
- Spreading factor 7–12
- Data rates from 250 bps to 50 kbps
- Maximum transmit power 20 dBm
- Adaptive Data Rate

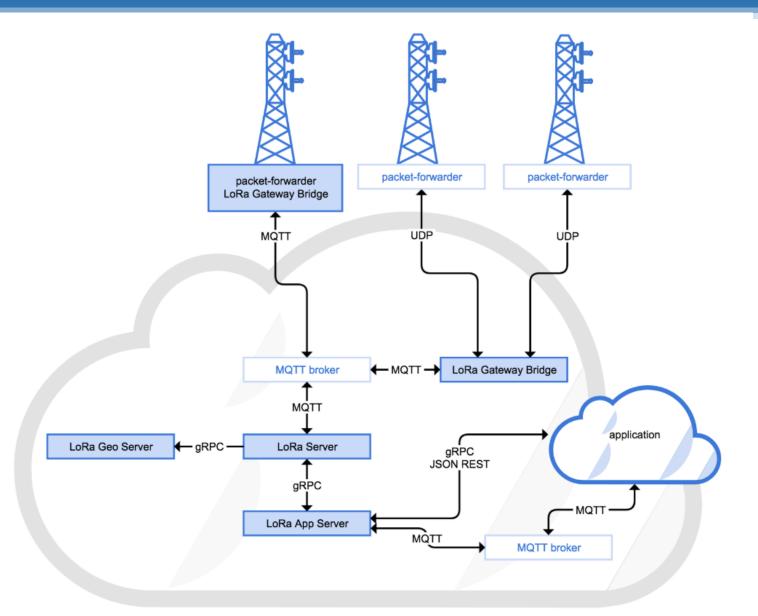


Downlink Network Communication Latency

System Architecture



- Gateway
- Gateway Bridge
- LoRa Server
- LoRa App Server
- LoRa Geo Server



Gateway with Raspberry Pi



LoRaWAN Concentrators:

- RPI based with
 - iC880A, or
 - RAK2245/RAK831

- RPi with LoRa Gateway OS on flash card ~ 40 €
- Price iC880A/RAK2245 ~150 €
- Optional GPS receiver ~12 € (China)
- Adapter PCB for iC880A ~15 €
- PoE supply ~15 €
- Outdoor box, mounting, consumables ~50 €



Test Setup with an iC880A



RAK2245 LoRaWAN Concentrator

Gateway



LoRaWAN Concentrators (cont.)

- LORIX One LoRaWAN Gateway
 - IP43 or IP65
 - Price 750 €
 - Capable of booting from SD Card
 - Supports Gateway OS
 - No GPS
- MultiConnect Conduit IP67 Base Station
 - Price 1,300 €
 - mLinux open source Linux distribution
 - GPS receiver included
 - Supports Gateway OS





Progress of the Project



- Establishment of a LoRaWAN system
- Detection and simulation of a LoRa signal
- Interference Measurement with CW signal
- Further steps
 - Collision detection of multiple LoRa frames
 - Noise interference
 - Single/Multiple Gateways